# Information about Yogyakarta by Yogyakarta State University (UNY)

## **HOW TO REACH YOGYA & TRANSPORTATION AROUND YOGYA**

## A. BY PLANE

Yogyakarta's **Adisucipto International Airport** (IATA: **JOG**), 8km east of town, is a small but busy mostly-domestic hub. There are frequent (every two hour) connections on Garuda, the national airline, to Jakarta (50 minutes) and 2-3 times a day (60min) to Denpasar, while other domestic airlines service both Jakarta and Denpasar, as well as major cities in Java, Sumatra, Kalimantan and Sulawesi. For international services, AirAsia connects Yogyakarta to both Kuala Lumpur and Singapore. Silk Air and Tiger Air also flies from Singapore.

There is a tourist information desk, ATM and taxi stand in the arrival hall. Official airport taxis are available for around IDR50,000 depending on your destination, pay at the taxi desk in arrival terminal and then head for the official taxi rank. Give the receipt to your driver, there is no need for any additional payment. It is about half the price to use a taxi dropping passengers off at the departure terminal - insist on using the meter, do expect to pay the IDR2,000 airport entrance fee, even though this has already been paid by the previous passenger on the way in

Yogyakarta airport is one of the two rail-connected airport in Indonesia, beside Kuala Namu in Medan, North Sumatera. Those arriving from (and departing into) the airport can take a **Prambanan Ekspres** regional train to/from Kutoarjo (west of Yogyakarta), Palur (just east of Surakarta) and several stations in between, including Tugu (just off Malioboro Street in Yogyakarta) and Solobalapan station at Solo. The station at the airport is just a few minutes walk from the terminal, with an air-conditioned underpass leading all the way to the platform for trains into Yogyakarta.

- Bandar Udara Internasional Adisucipto (Adisucipto International Airport), Jl. Solo km9, **△** +62 274 484261 (fax: +62 274 488155).
- Tourist Information Service: + 62 274 387202 / 62 274 4531318

# **B. GETTING AROUND**

Yogyakarta is a relatively small city, so travelling around town should not be too expensive. If you are travelling on foot, note that a street sign facing you at a corner indicates the name of the street you are entering, not the cross street. The Tourism Authority has maps in English that can be obtained from its offices next to Hotel Mutiara on Jl. Malioboro, at the airport and the train station. Beware that these maps are not to scale.









#### 1. BY TAXI

Yogyakarta's taxis are metered and nowadays most taxi drivers are trustworthy. Flagfall is IDR 7500 and most trips around the centre of town should not cost more than IDR15,000. If by chance you find a taxi driver that you feel comfortable with and trustworthy, ask for his cellular phone number so that next time you need to travel you can call directly to his cell phone and arrange your travel needs. Most taxi drivers will be more than happy to do this.

Besides, you may also book the taxi from on-line organized by **bluetaksi** or **SayTaxi** phone application before you arrive. The booking can be done via [bluetaksi@gmail.com] or download the app from your preferred appstore.

# 2. BY TRISHAW

Traditional three-wheeled and pedal-powered cart, known as *becak* (pronounced beh-chak), which can be found in most part of Yogyakarta. Haggle furiously before getting into the becak. Be sure to determine whether the price is for a one-way or return (*pulang*) trip and if you want the driver to wait whilst you conduct your shopping or business. A ride from within the city to the Malioboro shopping precinct should not cost more than IDR10,000.

# 3. BY HORSE CART

Traditional horse-pulled carts, known as *andong*, or *dokar*, wait for tourists outside hotspots like the train station, the Kraton and Mal Malioboro. The traditional route is from Jl. Malioboro to Kraton. The cost for one round trip for andong is IDR20,000. Usually they ask for IDR30,000 but they may settle for less. It can accommodate up to 5 adult passengers.

# 4. BY GO-JEK INDONESIA

GO-JEK is a social enterprise that partners with a group of experienced and trustworthy ojek drivers to deliver a one-stop-shop convenience service for Indonesians. Just plug in your address points and you already know the price before you order. To make it easier, you can even use "Use my location" for the address of where you are at. When the driver has been

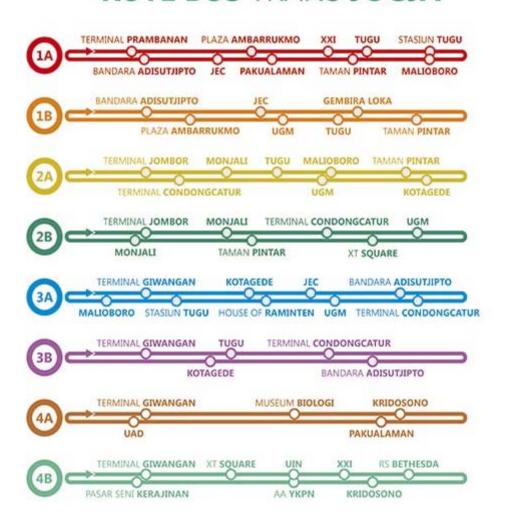
deployed, you can see the driver's picture and have the ability to sms or call the driver. The mobile app is available to download on Apple Store and Google Play.



## 5. BY BUS

Medium and small size buses are the main public transport in Yogyakarta. You can also use Trans Jogja. Trans Jogja is a bus rapid transit (BRT) system operates in Yogyakarta City. Trans Jogja started its operation in February 2008, operated by PT. Jogja Tugu Trans. Right now, there are more than 50 buses, 100+ bus stops (shelters), with 6 different routes.

# RUTE BUS TRANS JOGJA



# YOGYAKARTA AT GLANCE & POINT OF INTERESTS

This province is one of the most densely populated areas of Indonesia. The city came into being in 1755, after the Mataram division into the Sultanates of Yogyakarta and Surakarta (Solo). Gamelan, classical and contemporary Javanese dances, wayang kulit (leather puppet), theater and other expressions of traditional art will keep the visitor spllbound. Local craftsmen excel in arts such batiks, silver and leather works. Next to the traditional, contemporary art has found fertile soil in Yogya's culture oriented society. ASRI, the Academy of Fine Arts is the center of arts and Yogyakarta itself has given its name to an important school of modern painting in Indonesia, perhaps best personified by the famed Indonesian impressionist, the late Affandi.

Yogyakarta is often called the main gateway to the Central Java as where it is geographically located. It stretches from Mount Merapi to the Indian Ocean. There is daily air service to Yogya from Jakarta, Surabaya and Bali as well as regular train service and easy accessibility by road. Yogyakarta is commonly considered as the modern cultural of Central Java. Although some may prefer Solo as a good runner up, Yogyakarta remains the clear front-runner for traditional dance, Wayang (traditional puppetry) and music.

The key attraction of Yogyakarta is 'Kraton' (the Sultan's Palace). The Sultan's palace is the centre of Yogya's traditional life and despite the advance of modernity; it still emanates the spirit of refinement, which has been the hallmark of Yogya's art for centuries. This vast complex of decaying buildings was built in the 18th century, and is actually a walled city within the city with luxurious pavilions and in which the current Sultan still resides. Yogyakarta is also the only major city, which still has traditional 'Becak' (rickshaw-style) transport.



Gambar 1. Kerajinan Aksesoris Kulit Bucini



Gambar 2. Desa Wisata Kasongan



Gambar 3. Pabrik Produksi Tas Rajut Dowa



Gambar 4. Kraton Ngayogyakarta Hadiningrat



Gambar 5. Tamansari



Gambar 6. Kotagede



Gambar 7. Candi Borobudur



Gambar 8. Merapi



Gambar 9. Candi Prambanan



Gambar 10. Jl. Malioboro



Gambar 11. Candi Ijo



Gambar 12. Candi Ratu Boko

Taken from: http://www.indonesia-tourism.com/yogyakarta/index2.html

# **Cultural Visit Programme**

(special price package tour provided by Yogyakarta State University)



# Kraton-Borobudur-Ullen Sentalu Package Price Rp. 430.000,-

What's included in your fare:

- Ticket to enter the spot
- Lunch box



# Kraton-Prambanan-Ratu Boko Package Price Rp. 450.000,-

What's included in your fare:

Ticket to enter the spot

- Lunch Box

Call now to join the tour 2 9 Fitri Alfarisy (62) 8574 7745 488

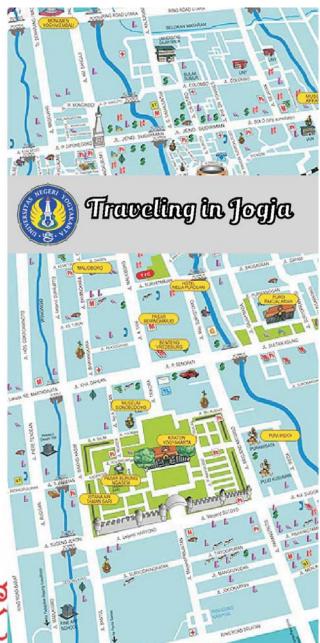
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# **GREAT SPOTS IN JOGJA**



## 1.KRATON YOGYAKARTA

"Kraton Yogyakarta or Yogyakarta Palace is not only home to the king and his family, but also becomes the flame guard of Javanese culture. In this place you can learn from seeing directly on how culture still preserved in the pace development of the world." (https://www.yogyes.com)



# 2.BOROBUDUR

"The Borobudur Temple, Indonesia's spectacular site, allows you to travel back in time to enjoy an unrivaled combination of history, culture, spiritually and natural beauty. Visitors will enjoy the astonishing experience afforded by the world's biggest Buddhist monument which survived 1,200 years of natural and manmade disasters. Set in an unspoil green valley surrounded by majestic mountains, a visit to Borobudur is an unforgettable experience."

(http://borobudurpark.com)



# 3.ULLEN SENTALU

"Ullen Sentalu Museum welcomes you who plan to explore Javanese art and culture deeply. During the tour, you will be encouraged to widen your knowledge to value the olden era of Old and New Mataram kingdoms and comprehend further about Javanese art and culture which have centered and developed in the region, called Vorstenlanden, around Yogyakarta and Surakarta nowdays."(http://ullensentalu.com)



## 4.PRAMBANAN

"Prambanan Temple is said to be the most beautiful Hindu temple in the world. It is the biggest temple complex in Java with three main temples dedicated to the three great Hindu divinities, Shiva, Vishnu, and Brahma, the symbols of Trimurti in Hindu belief."(http://borobudurpark.com)



# 5.RATU BOKO

"Archaeologists believe that the ruler of the Sailendra Dynasty between 760-780, Rakai Panangkaran, built Ratu Boko after he resigned from his leadership. It is said that he resigned because he wanted to find spiritual peace and concentrate on religious matters. Abhayagiri Wihara means 'peaceful Buddhist monastery'. The site chosen has fairly spectacular views." (http://borobudurpark.com)

